

# APPENDIX EE: ECONOMIC IMPACTS

## Mid-States Corridor Tier 1 Environmental Impact Statement

Prepared for

Indiana Department of Transportation

Mid-States Corridor Regional Development Authority

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#### **DOCUMENT CHANGES**

- During the Screening of Alternatives, preliminary Alternative R was evaluated before being removed from further consideration. Alternative R consists of upgrading US 231 from I-64 to I-69. Many comments on the DEIS requested further consideration of an upgrade of US 231 in addition to the five alternatives presented in the DEIS. In response to these comments, this FEIS further evaluates the costs, impacts and benefits of Alternative R. See Section 2.5.1 for details about Alternative R.
- Multiple comments were received from local officials in Loogootee and Martin County about the
  alignment of Alternative P in Martin County, in particular in the vicinity of Loogootee. The DEIS
  showed Alternative P with an alignment west of Loogootee. Portions of this alignment are in
  Daviess County. These comments requested modifications to Alternative P to bring it through or
  to the east of Loogootee.
  - In response to these comments, three additional variations of **Alternative P** have been added in Martin County. All variations of **Alternative P** are within Section of Independent Utility (SIU) 4. See **Section 2.7** for a discussion of Tier 2 sections for all alternatives. **Alternative P** with these variations has been designated as **Refined Alternative P** (**RPA P**). It is evaluated separately from any alternative considered in the DEIS. A single variation of **RPA P** will be selected in Tier 2 studies for SIU 4. See **Section 2.5.2** for details about the variations of **RPA P** near Loogootee.
- In this document new tables 1A through 7A have been added which supplement the original Tables 1 through 7. Each of these added tables will have eight rows, seven for the various versions of the RPA and one for Alternative R.

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#### **ECONOMIC IMPACTS**

This appendix provides details and background to the analyses in **Section 3.4**. Also, in **Section 3.4**, results are presented at the alternative level. In this Appendix, we provide results for individual facility types within each alternative grouping.

#### Highway user costs and benefits

**Table 1 and Table 1A** summarize the vehicle miles traveled (VMT) and operating costs for auto and trucks. These are given individually for each alternative and facility type combination. Vehicle operating costs are proportional to miles traveled, and include such items as fuel, maintenance and insurance. <sup>1</sup>

TABLE 1: YEAR 2045 AVERAGE DAILY USER COSTS BY VEHICLE-MILES TRAVELED<sup>2</sup>

	Auto		Truc	k	Tot	al
Alternative	Vehicle Miles Traveled (1,000s)	Operating Cost (Millions) <sup>1</sup>	Vehicle Miles Traveled (1,000s)	Operating Cost (Millions) <sup>1</sup>	Vehicle Miles Traveled (1,000s)	Operating Cost (Millions) <sup>1</sup>
No Build	12,368	\$2,065	647	\$342	13,015	\$2,408
B2	12,417	\$2,074	655	\$346	13,072	\$2,420
В3	12,443	\$2,078	655	\$346	13,098	\$2,424
C2	12,445	\$2,078	653	\$346	13,098	\$2,424
С3	12,452	\$2,079	651	\$344	13,103	\$2,424
M2	12,406	\$2,072	650	\$344	13,055	\$2,415
M3	12,406	\$2,072	649	\$343	13,055	\$2,415
02	12,435	\$2,077	651	\$345	13,086	\$2,421
03	12,475	\$2,083	649	\$343	13,124	\$2,427
P2	12,409	\$2,072	650	\$344	13,059	\$2,416
Р3	12,403	\$2,071	648	\$343	13,051	\$2,414

<sup>1.</sup> Daily operating cost per 1,000 mi = \$167 for auto and \$529 for truck.

Sources: 2045 Forecast Year Assignment, Mid-States Corridor Travel Demand Model. Cost/mile provided by TREDIS Model.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> VMT and VHT estimates in **Tables 1**, **1A**, **2** and **2a** are for all trips with one or both trip ends in the Study Area. It excludes trips which simply "pass through" the Study Area, and both begin and end outside of the Study Area. These diverted trips would result in a reduction in VMT and VHT outside of the Study Area. The changes in VMT and VHT outside of the Study Area cannot be readily determined.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See **Section ES-8 – Glossary** for alternative naming conventions. A suffix of "2" indicates an expressway facility type, and a suffix of "3" indicates a Super-2 facility type.



TABLE 2A: YEAR 2045 AVERAGE DAILY USER COSTS BY VEHICLE-MILES TRAVELED

		А	uto	Tr	uck	Total	
Alternative Facility Type		Vehicle Miles Traveled (1,000s)	Operating Cost (Millions) <sup>1</sup>	Vehicle Miles Traveled (1,000s)	Operating Cost (Millions) <sup>1</sup>	Vehicle Miles Traveled (1,000s)	Operating Cost (Millions) <sup>1</sup>
RPA P1	Expressway	12,409	2,072	650	344	13,059	2,416
RPA P1	Super-2	12,403	2,071	648	343	13,051	2,414
RPA P2	Super-2	12,403	2,071	648	343	13,051	2,414
RPA P3	Expressway	12,409	2,072	650	344	13,059	2,416
RPA P3	Super-2	12,403	2,071	648	343	13,051	2,414
RPA P4	Expressway	12,409	2,072	650	344	13,059	2,416
RPA P4	Super-2	12,403	2,071	648	343	13,051	2,414
R	Super-2/2-Lane	12,368	\$2,065	647	\$342	13,015	\$2,408

<sup>1.</sup> Daily operating cost per 1,000 mi = \$167 for auto and \$529 for truck.

Sources: 2045 Forecast Year Assignment, Mid-States Corridor Travel Demand Model. Cost/mile provided by TREDIS Model.

**Table 2 and Table 2A** summarize the alternative level vehicle hours of travel (VHT) and corresponding travel time cost for autos and trucks. Travel time costs are proportional to VHT.

TABLE 3: YEAR 2045 AVERAGE DAILY USER COSTS BY VEHICLE-HOURS TRAVELED

	Auto		Truck		Total	
Alternative	Vehicle Hours Traveled (1,000s)	Time Cost (1,000s) <sup>1</sup>	Vehicle Hours Traveled (1,000s)	Time Cost (1,000s) <sup>1</sup>	Vehicle Hours Traveled (1,000s)	Time Cost (1,000s) <sup>1</sup>
No Build	293	\$6,353	11.9	\$361	305.0	\$6,715
B2	293	\$6,359	11.9	\$361	305.3	\$6,720
В3	294	\$6,380	11.9	\$363	306.3	\$6,743
C2	293	\$6,351	11.8	\$358	304.8	\$6,709
С3	294	\$6,382	11.9	\$361	306.4	\$6,744
M2	292	\$6,336	11.8	\$358	304.1	\$6,694
M3	293	\$6,357	11.9	\$361	305.2	\$6,717
02	293	\$6,348	11.8	\$360	304.7	\$6,707
03	295	\$6,398	11.9	\$362	307.1	\$6,760
P2	292	\$6,338	11.8	\$358	304.2	\$6,696
Р3	293	\$6,358	11.9	\$361	305.2	\$6,719

<sup>1.</sup> Daily time cost per hour = \$21.7 for auto and \$30.4 for truck

Source: Travel Demand Model (Daily VHT), TREDIS Model (cost/hour).

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TABLE 4A: YEAR 2045 AVERAGE DAILY USER COSTS BY VEHICLE-HOURS TRAVELED

		Au	ito	Truck		Tot	al
Alternative	Facility Type	Vehicle Hours Traveled (1,000s)	Time Cost (1,000s) <sup>1</sup>	Vehicle Hours Traveled (1,000s)	Time Cost (1,000s) <sup>1</sup>	Vehicle Hours Traveled (1,000s)	Time Cost (1,000s) <sup>1</sup>
RPA P1	Expressway	292	6,338	11.8	357.8	304	6,696
RPA P1	Super-2	293	6,358	11.9	360.7	305	6,719
RPA P2	Super-2	293	6,358	11.9	360.7	305	6,719
RPA P3	Expressway	292	6,338	11.8	357.8	304	6,696
RPA P3	Super-2	293	6,358	11.9	360.7	305	6,719
RPA P4	Expressway	292	6,338	11.8	357.8	304	6,696
RPA P4	Super-2	293	6,358	11.9	360.7	305	6,719
R	Super-2/2-Lane	293	\$6,353	11.9	\$361	305.0	\$6,715

<sup>1.</sup> Daily time cost per hour = \$21.7 for auto and \$30.4 for truck

Source: Travel Demand Model (Daily VHT), TREDIS Model (cost/hour).

The higher costs for build alternatives in **Table 1** and **Table 1A** reflect higher VMT for the alternative alternatives. Some travelers would make longer trips within the same travel time budget. Trips also would be induced due to growth within the Study Area. The economic development induced by the new highway results in additional jobs and households locating in the area. This increase in households and jobs would cause added travel. These benefits would attract many motorists from other alternatives within the Study Area to the new Mid-States Corridor, even if the trip is longer. These longer trips increase VMT and, in most cases, VHT.

**Table 2** and **Table 2A** show that some alternatives result in decreased VHT and travel time cost. This is seen in the expressway versions of Alternatives P, RPA P, M and O. These alternatives provide a more direct connection to I-69 than Alternatives B and C. This, in combination with the higher speeds on these roads, leads to a decrease in VHT even as VMT increases.

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Table 3 and Table 3A summarize the crashes and associated costs for each alternative. The total crashes are generally lower for build alternatives. The lower crashes are primarily due to travel being diverted to safer, higher classification roads. Table 4, Table 4A, Table 5 and Table 5A provide more details on the crash rates and crash cost per crash type for each of the alternatives.

**TABLE 5: YEAR 2045 ANNUAL CRASH COSTS** 

	Property	Damage	Fatal	/Injury	To	otal
Alternative	Crash- Involved Vehicles number (1000s)	Crash- Involved Vehicles cost (Millions)	Fatalities and Injuries Number (1000s)	Fatalities and Injuries Cost (Millions)	Total Number (1000s)	Total Cost (Millions)
No Build	60.2	\$271	17.1	\$4,902	77.3	\$5,173
B2	60.2	\$271	17.0	\$4,897	77.2	\$5,167
В3	60.3	\$271	17.1	\$4,907	77.4	\$5,178
C2	60.0	\$270	17.0	\$4,882	77.0	\$5,152
С3	60.3	\$271	17.1	\$4,910	77.4	\$5,181
M2	60.1	\$270	17.0	\$4,892	77.1	\$5,162
M3	60.1	\$270	17.0	\$4,892	77.1	\$5,162
02	59.9	\$270	17.0	\$4,878	76.9	\$5,148
03	60.1	\$271	17.0	\$4,893	77.1	\$5,164
P2	59.8	\$269	16.9	\$4,868	76.8	\$5,137
Р3	59.8	\$269	16.9	\$4,865	76.7	\$5,134
Sources: TRED	IS Model (crash co.	sts and crash rates	:)			

TABLE 6A: YEAR 2045 ANNUAL CRASH COSTS

		Property	Damage	Fatal/Injury		Total	
Alternative	Facility Type	Crash- Involved Vehicles number (1000s)	Crash- Involved Vehicles cost (Millions)	Fatalities and Injuries Number (1000s)	Fatalities and Injuries Cost (Millions)	Total Number (1000s)	Total Cost (Millions)
RPA P1	Expressway	59.8	\$269	16.9	\$4,868	76.8	\$5,137
RPA P1	Super-2	59.8	\$269	16.9	\$4,865	76.7	\$5,134
RPA P2	Super-2	59.8	\$269	16.9	\$4,865	76.7	\$5,134
RPA P3	Expressway	59.8	\$269	16.9	\$4,868	76.8	\$5,137
RPA P3	Super-2	59.8	\$269	16.9	\$4,865	76.7	\$5,134
RPA P4	Expressway	59.8	\$269	16.9	\$4,868	76.8	\$5,137
RPA P4	Super-2	59.8	\$269	16.9	\$4,865	76.7	\$5,134
R	Super-2/2-Lane	60.2	\$271	17.1	\$4,902	77.3	\$5,173
Sources: TRED	IS Model (crash costs	and crash rates	:)		•		

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TABLE 7: YEAR 2045 CRASH RATES

		Auto		Truck			
Alternative	Fatalities Per 100m VMT	Injuries Per 100m VMT	Crash- Involved Vehicles Per 100m VMT	Fatalities Per 100m VMT	Injuries Per 100m VMT	Crash- Involved Vehicles Per 100m VMT	
No Build	1.12	136.8	477.4	0.37	19.2	179.3	
B2	1.11	136.1	475.0	0.37	19.1	178.4	
В3	1.11	136.1	475.0	0.37	19.1	178.4	
C2	1.11	135.5	472.7	0.37	19.0	177.5	
С3	1.11	136.1	475.0	0.37	19.1	178.4	
M2	1.11	136.1	475.0	0.37	19.1	178.4	
M3	1.11	136.1	475.0	0.37	19.1	178.4	
02	1.11	135.5	472.7	0.37	19.0	177.5	
О3	1.11	135.5	472.7	0.37	19.0	177.5	
P2	1.11	135.5	472.7	0.37	19.0	177.5	
Р3	1.11	135.5	472.7	0.37	19.0	177.5	
Sources: TREDIS	Model with mo	dification based o	n functional cla	ss			

TABLE 8A: YEAR 2045 CRASH RATES

			Auto		Truck			
Alternative	Facility Type	Fatalities Per 100m VMT	Injuries Per 100m VMT	Crash- Involved Vehicles Per 100m VMT	Fatalities Per 100m VMT	Injuries Per 100m VMT	Crash- Involved Vehicles Per 100m VMT	
RPA P1	Expressway	1.11	135.5	472.7	0.37	19	177.5	
RPA P1	Super-2	1.11	135.5	472.7	0.37	19	177.5	
RPA P2	Super-2	1.11	135.5	472.7	0.37	19	177.5	
RPA P3	Expressway	1.11	135.5	472.7	0.37	19	177.5	
RPA P3	Super-2	1.11	135.5	472.7	0.37	19	177.5	
RPA P4	Expressway	1.11	135.5	472.7	0.37	19	177.5	
RPA P4	Super-2	1.11	135.5	472.7	0.37	19	177.5	
R	Super-2/2-Lane	1.12	136.8	477.4	0.37	19.2	179.3	
Sources: TREDIS	S Model with modific	ation based or	n functional cla	ISS				

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TABLE 9: YEAR 2045 CRASH COSTS PER CRASH TYPE

		Auto and Tru	ıck
Alternative	Cost per Fatality (\$1,000)	Cost per Injury (\$1,000)	Cost per Crash- Involved Vehicle (\$1000)
No Build	10,900	197.6	4.5
B2	10,900	197.6	4.5
В3	10,900	197.6	4.5
C2	10,900	197.6	4.5
С3	10,900	197.6	4.5
M2	10,900	197.6	4.5
M3	10,900	197.6	4.5
02	10,900	197.6	4.5
О3	10,900	197.6	4.5
P2	10,900	197.6	4.5
Р3	10,900	197.6	4.5
Sources: TREDIS	Model		

TABLE 10A: YEAR 2045 CRASH COSTS PER CRASH TYPE

		Auto and Truck				
Alternative	Facility Type	\$ per Fatality (1000s)	\$ per Injury (1000s)	\$ per Crash- Involved Vehicle (1000s)		
RPA P1	Expressway	10900	197.6	4.5		
RPA P1	Super-2	10900	197.6	4.5		
RPA P2	Super-2	10900	197.6	4.5		
RPA P3	Expressway	10900	197.6	4.5		
RPA P3	Super-2	10900	197.6	4.5		
RPA P4	Expressway	10900	197.6	4.5		
RPA P4	Super-2	10900	197.6	4.5		
R	Super-2/2-Lane	e 10,900 197.6		4.5		
Sources: TRED	IS Model					

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#### Local property tax impacts

This section provides a more detailed explanation of the steps undertaken to evaluate the local property tax impacts due to the Mid-States Corridor project.

Below are the steps taken to integrate the parcel information with the Mid-States Corridor right-of-way shapefiles and to evaluate the assessed value of right-of-way for each alternative.

- 1. Query out Indiana parcel data that intersects any working alignment. (Indiana map data https://maps.indiana.edu/layerGallery.html?category=Land).
- 2. Join 2018 real parcel appraisal value of land & improvements (Indiana map data) by parcel ID.
- 3. Calculate the acres of each joined parcel.
- 4. Intersect the right-of-way (ROW) with the with the previously joined data file.
- 5. Identify the overlap of the acres of each parcel and ROW overlap.
- 6. Divide the parcel overlap acres by the overall parcel acres to get a fraction percentage.
- 7. Flag all 600 level "tax exempt" records.
- 8. Adjust the assessed value of some of the parcels which have unrealistic assessed value per acre.
- 9. Visually inspect the ROW for areas without value or without a parcel geometry. Assign value and parcel geometry based on the similar parcels adjacent.
- 10. For RPA P with the four variations around Loogootee and Alternative P, about 10 acres were found to have unrealistic or missing land values per acre. For this acreage, the average value of \$1751 per acre for RPA P and Alternative P was applied.
- 11. Assign value to parcels without value not covered under Step 9 by multiplying the average land value per acre and the parcel acreage.
- 12. Multiply the assessed value of the taxable parcels by the area fraction percentage calculated previously to get the proportion of tax impact.

**Table 6** and **Table 6A** summarize the assessed property value of the right-of-way for each alternative by county.

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**TABLE 11: ASSESSED PROPERTY VALUE OF RIGHT-OF-WAY** 

Alternatives	Assessed value of Right of way (1,000s) <sup>1</sup>								
Alternatives	Daviess	Dubois	Greene	Lawrence	Martin	Orange	Pike	Grand Total	
B2	\$5,380	\$5,449					\$340	\$11,170	
В3	\$5,247	\$4,349					\$340	\$9,936	
C2	\$2,700	\$6,745			\$113			\$9,558	
С3	\$2,276	\$4,688			\$94			\$7,058	
M2		\$6,749		\$12,617	\$4,505			\$23,871	
M3		\$4,689		\$12,348	\$3,678			\$20,715	
02		\$8,571		\$5,033		\$3,660		\$17,264	
03		\$6,607		\$330		\$3,379		\$10,316	
P2e	\$1,081	\$6,763	\$33		\$3,638			\$11,516	
P2w	\$2,369	\$6,763	\$33		\$2,943			\$12,107	
P3e	\$912	\$4,689	\$13		\$3,066			\$8,680	
P3w	\$1,743	\$4,689	\$13		\$2,454			\$8,899	

<sup>1.</sup> Assessed value as of 2018

Source: INDIANA MAP website (Assessed value of parcels) - https://maps.indiana.edu/layerGallery.html?category=Land

TABLE 12A: ASSESSED PROPERTY VALUE OF RIGHT-OF-WAY

Alternative	Facility Type	Assessed value of Right of way (1,000s)1					
		Daviess	Dubois	Greene	Martin	<b>Grand Total</b>	
RPA P1	Expressway	\$3,626	\$8,278	\$32	\$5,106	\$17,042	
RPA P1	Super-2	\$2,644	\$5,970	\$13	\$4,200	\$12,828	
RPA P2	Super-2	\$1,728	\$5,970	\$13	\$5,517	\$13,229	
RPA P3	Expressway	\$2,174	\$8,278	\$32	\$7,667	\$18,151	
RPA P3	Super-2	\$1,727	\$5,970	\$13	\$5,581	\$13,292	
RPA P4	Expressway	\$2,185	\$8,278	\$32	\$6,128	\$16,623	
RPA P4	Super-2	\$1,728	\$5,970	\$13	\$5,079	\$12,790	
R	Super-2/2-Lane	\$3,088	\$13,586	\$5	\$9,461	\$26,141	

<sup>1.</sup> Assessed value as of 2018

Source: INDIANA MAP website (Assessed value of parcels) - https://maps.indiana.edu/layerGallery.html?category=Land

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The assessed property values of right-of-way for each alternative by each county was multiplied by the county tax rate to get the total loss in property tax. To be conservative, the tax rate for Daviess, Dubois, Lawrence, Martin and Orange counties is assumed to be 2.04 percent, which is the state median tax rate. This conservative assumption was used because tax rates can vary across the county by type of property impacted. 2020 tax rates are used for this calculation. **Table 7** and **Table 7A** summarize the local property tax loss for each alternative by county.

**TABLE 13: LOCAL PROPERTY TAX LOSS ESTIMATE** 

Alternatives	Property Tax Loss (1,000s)								
	Daviess	Dubois	Greene	Lawrence	Martin	Orange	Pike	Grand Total	
B2	\$110	\$111					\$9	\$230	
В3	\$107	\$89					\$9	\$205	
C2	\$55	\$138			\$2			\$195	
С3	\$46	\$96			\$2			\$144	
M2		\$138		\$257	\$92			\$487	
M3		\$96		\$252	\$75			\$423	
02		\$175		\$103		\$75		\$352	
О3		\$135		\$7		\$69		\$210	
P2e	\$22	\$138	\$1		\$74			\$235	
P2w	\$48	\$138	\$1		\$60			\$247	
P3e	\$19	\$96	\$0		\$63			\$177	
P3w	\$36	\$96	\$0		\$50			\$182	

<sup>1.</sup> Tax Rate for year 2020

Source: STATS INDIANA (tax rate) - (https://www.stats.indiana.edu/dms4/propertytaxes.asp)

**TABLE 14A: LOCAL PROPERTY TAX LOSS ESTIMATE** 

Alternative	Facility Type	Property Tax Loss (1,000s)					
		Daviess	Dubois	Greene	Martin	Grand Total	
RPA P1	Expressway	\$74	\$169	\$1	\$104	\$348	
RPA P1	Super-2	\$54	\$122	\$0	\$86	\$262	
RPA P2	Super-2	\$35	\$122	\$0	\$113	\$270	
RPA P3	Expressway	\$44	\$169	\$1	\$156	\$370	
RPA P3	Super-2	\$35	\$122	\$0	\$114	\$271	
RPA P4	Expressway	\$45	\$169	\$1	\$125	\$339	
RPA P4	Super-2	\$35	\$122	\$0	\$104	\$261	
R	Super-2/2-Lane	\$63	\$277	\$0	\$193	\$533	

<sup>1.</sup> Tax Rate for year 2020

Source: STATS INDIANA (tax rate) - (https://www.stats.indiana.edu/dms4/propertytaxes.asp)

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#### **Project spending**

**Table 8** and **Table 8A** summarizes the facility type, project length, total cost, and cost per mile for each alternative. The total project cost has a wide range across build alternatives in part due to the varying project lengths.

**TABLE 15: MID-STATES CORRIDOR TOTAL COST ESTIMATES** 

Mid-States Corridor Total Cost Estimates							
Alternative	Facility Type	Miles	Total Cost (Millions)	Cost/Mile (Millions)			
B2	Expressway	33.4	\$576	\$17.3			
В3	Super-2	33.4	\$449	\$13.4			
C2	Expressway	41	\$759	\$18.5			
С3	Super-2	41	\$554	\$13.5			
M2	Expressway	62	\$1,395	\$22.5			
M3	Super-2	62	\$1,105	\$17.8			
02	Expressway	53	\$1,320	\$24.9			
03	Super-2	53	\$1,074	\$20.3			
P2	Expressway	54	\$1,016	\$18.8			
Р3	Super-2	54	\$735	\$13.6			

Estimates include all construction costs, 20 percent construction contingency and non-construction costs (right-of-way, utility relocations, preliminary engineering, environmental permitting/mitigation and construction engineering.

**TABLE 16A: MID-STATES CORRIDOR TOTAL COST ESTIMATES** 

Mid-States Corridor Total Cost Estimates							
Alternative	Facility Type Miles		Total Cost (Millions)	Cost/Mile (Millions)			
RPA P1	Expressway	54.05	\$901	\$16.7			
RPA P1	Super-2	54.05	\$620	\$11.5			
RPA P2	Super-2	52.97	\$616	\$11.6			
RPA P3	Expressway	53.44	\$925	\$17.3			
RPA P3	Super-2	53.44	\$621	\$11.6			
RPA P4	Expressway	53.93	\$945	\$17.5			
RPA P4	Super-2	53.93	\$628	\$11.6			
R	Super-2/2-Lane	50.28	\$599	\$11.9			

Estimates include all construction costs, 20 percent construction contingency and non-construction costs (right-of-way, utility relocations, preliminary engineering, environmental permitting/mitigation, and construction engineering.

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